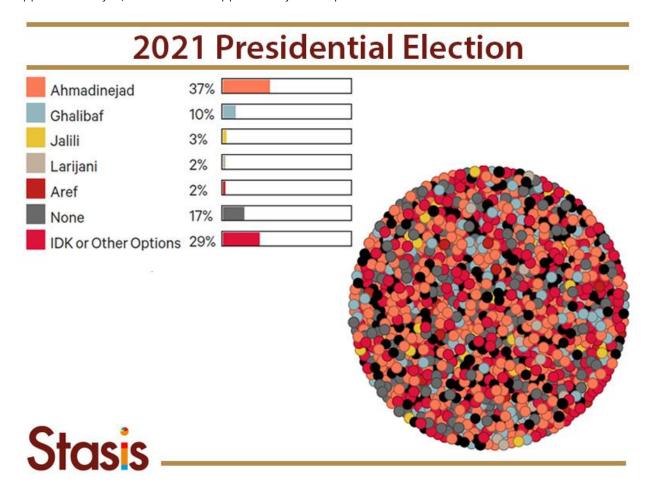
# Ahmadinejad is the Frontrunner in Iran's 2021 Presidential Election

Mahmoud Ahmadinejad is a frontrunner in Iran's next presidential election. Thirty-seven percent of the respondents in the latest <u>Stasis</u> poll say that they will vote for Ahmadinejad, followed by Ghalibaf (the current speaker of the Majlis, 10%), Jalili (the former national security adviser, 3%), Larijani (the former speaker of the Majlis, 2%), and Aref (the Majlis minority leader between 2016 and 2020, 2%).

The poll, conducted in October 2020 by <u>Stasis</u>, also found that Mahmoud Ahmadinejad is the most favorable political figure in Iran among a list of politicians including heads of three branches of the government, former presidents, potential candidates in the next presidential election, and the current foreign minister. Sixty-four percent of Iranians "very much" or "to an extent" like him.

The results of this poll indicate an overall disapproval of Rouhani's presidency. Only 25% of respondents approve of his job, where 64% disapprove his job as a president.



To view the results of this poll in an interactive map, click the link.

http://www.surveycenter.io/election2021/202010/en/

This platform details the results of each question by gender, age group, location, and education in the bar chart.

### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

### **Assessment of Iran's Next Presidential Election**

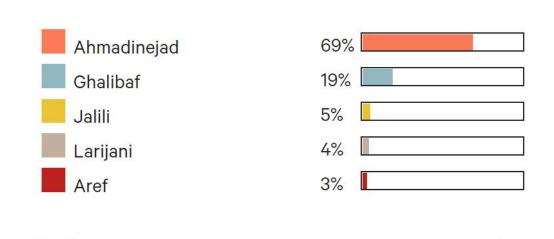
The next presidential election in Iran will not be held until June 2021 but some political figures have already signaled a potential run. The survey conducted by <u>Stasis</u> in October 2020 shows among some of the presumptive nominees, former president Mahmoud Ahmadinejad garners 37% support from Iranian adults, giving him a 27-point lead over his closest rival, Speaker Ghalibaf, who has 10% support. The other three potential candidates, including Saeed Jalili (former national security adviser), Ali Larijani (former speaker of the Majlis), and Mohamadreza Aref (former reformist Majlis minority leader) all trail behind with 3%, 2%, and 2% of support respectively.

# 2021 Presidential Election There has been some discussion in the media of possible nominees for candidacy in the next presidential election. Regardless of the likelihood of your participation in the upcoming presidential election, if you wanted to vote, of these names who would you choose: Ahmadinejad, Jalili, Aref, Ghalibaf, Ali Larijani? 37% Ahmadinejad Ghalibaf 10% 3% Jalili Larijani 2% 2% Aref None 17% **IDK** or Other Options 29% Stasis

Twenty-nine percent of respondents chose noncommittal options, such as "I don't know" or "I have not made my decision." Another 17% say they do not support any of these candidates. If these undecided respondents are removed and results are measured just among those respondents who affirmed their support of any of these candidates, then Ahmadinejad is leading his opponents in this part of the electorate by a wide margin. Sixty-nine percent of Iranians pick him as their first choice in the next presidential election in Iran.

### 2021 Presidential Election (Among Those Who Report a Preference)

There has been some discussion in the media of possible nominees for candidacy in the next presidential election. Regardless of the likelihood of your participation in the upcoming presidential election, if you wanted to vote, of these names who would you choose: Ahmadinejad, Jalili, Aref, Ghalibaf, Ali Larijani?

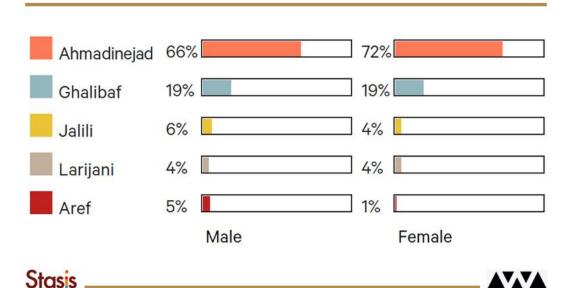


Female respondents are more likely to prefer Mr. Ahmadinejad as their pick for the next president (72%) as opposed to male respondents (66%).

Stasis

### 2021 Presidential Election (Among Those Who Report a Preference)- by Gender

There has been some discussion in the media of possible nominees for candidacy in the next presidential election. Regardless of the likelihood of your participation in the upcoming presidential election, if you wanted to vote, of these names who would you choose: Ahmadinejad, Jalili, Aref, Ghalibaf, Ali Larijani?

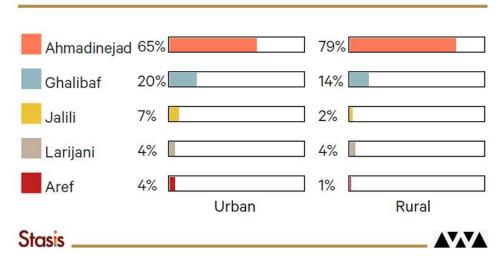


### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

Moreover, respondents who reside in rural areas are more likely vote for him (79%) than those who reside in urban areas (65%).

# 2021 Presidential Election (Among Those Who Report a Preference) by Location

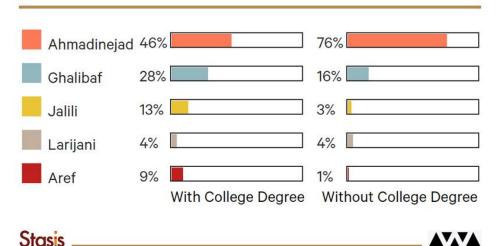
There has been some discussion in the media of possible nominees for candidacy in the next presidential election. Regardless of the likelihood of your participation in the upcoming presidential election, if you wanted to vote, of these names who would you choose: Ahmadinejad, Jalili, Aref, Ghalibaf, Ali Larijani?



However, the main factor in support for Ahmadinejad's candidacy is education level. Respondents without a college degree prefer Mr. Ahmadinejad by a wide margin. Seventy-six percent of respondents without a college degree prefer Mr. Ahmadinejad compared to only 46% of college educated respondents.

# 2021 Presidential Election (Among Those Who Report a Preference) by Education

There has been some discussion in the media of possible nominees for candidacy in the next presidential election. Regardless of the likelihood of your participation in the upcoming presidential election, if you wanted to vote, of these names who would you choose: Ahmadinejad, Jalili, Aref, Ghalibaf, Ali Larijani?



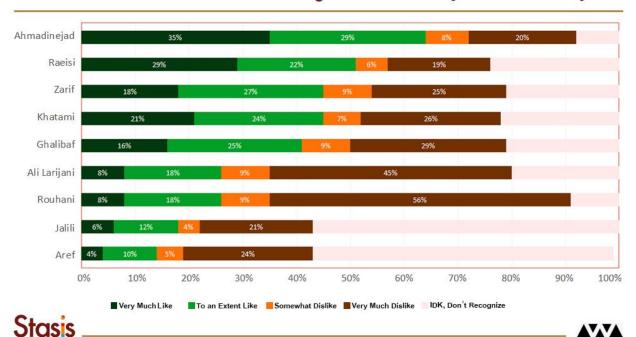
### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

### **Political Figures' Favorability**

According to this poll, former president Mahmoud Ahmadinejad is the most favorite domestic political figure among respondents given the choice of a group of politicians. Stasis asked about a number of politicians, including heads of three branches of the government, former presidents, the foreign minister, and potential candidates in the next presidential election in Iran. Sixty-four percent of respondents favor Ahmadinejad. Thirty-five percent of respondents reported liking him "very much" and twenty-nine percent like him "to an extent."

Question: Let me name some political figures. Please express the level of your interest in each one. For each name I read, you can respond with: Very much like, like to an extent, dislike, or very much dislike. If there's a name you don't recognize, please say so.

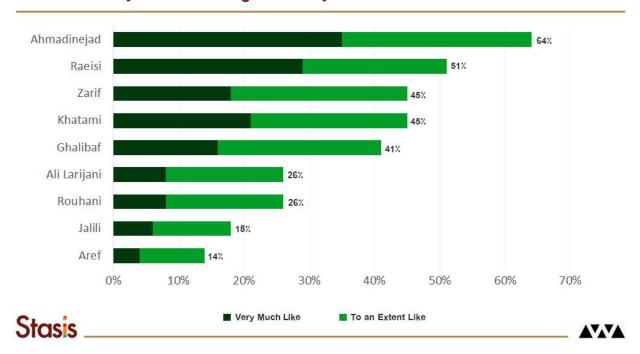
## Level of Interest Toward Political Figures (Favorability & Unfavorability)



After Mr. Ahmadinejad with a 64% favorability rate, the head of the judiciary branch, Mr. Raeisi, came in second with a 51% percent favorability rate. These are the only two politicians who were favored among more than 50% of respondents. Foreign Minster Zarif and former president Khatami tied in ranking at 45% each, followed by Speaker Ghalibaf (41%), former speaker Larijani and President Rouhani (each at 26%), former national security adviser Jalili (18%), and finally former Majlis minority leader Aref (14%).

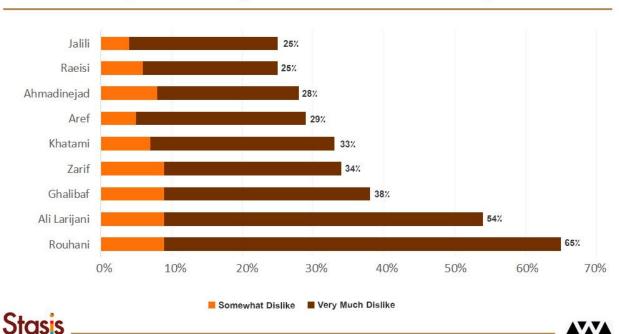
# **Stasis**Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

### Favorability of Political Figures (Very Much Like or To an ExtentLike)



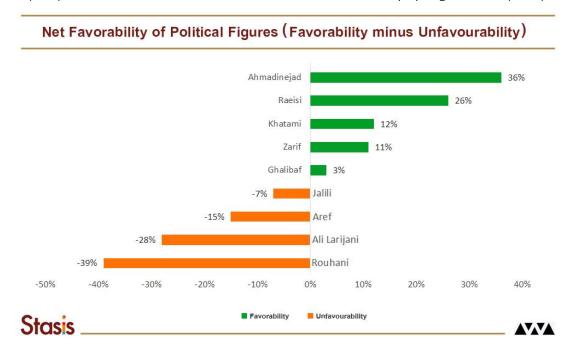
On the other side of the spectrum, Sixty-five percent of Iranian mentions their dislike of President Rouhani, making him the most unfavorable political figure in Iran. Mr. Larijani and Mr. Ghalibaf ranked second and third in this ranking.

# Unfavourability of Political Figures (Somewhat Dislike or Very Much Dislike)



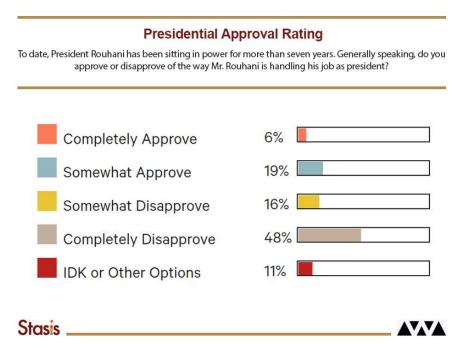
### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

Considering the net favorability (favorability minus unfavourability) of these figures, former president Ahmadinejad still ranks at the top of net favorability with 36%, followed by Mr. Raeisi (26%), and Mr. Khatami (12%). President Rouhani has the lowest level of net favorability by negative 39% (-39%).



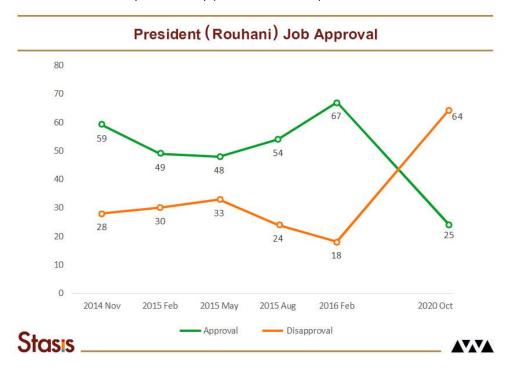
### **President Rouhani's Approval Rating: 25%**

President Rouhani's job approval is 25% and that support is tepid at best; only 6% of respondents "completely approve" of the way he is handling his job as the president, where 19% "somewhat approve". Moreover 64% of respondents disapprove of his work performance. Of those, 48% "completely disapprove" and 16% "somewhat disapprove."

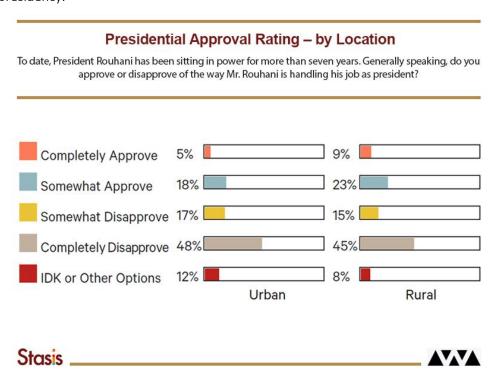


### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

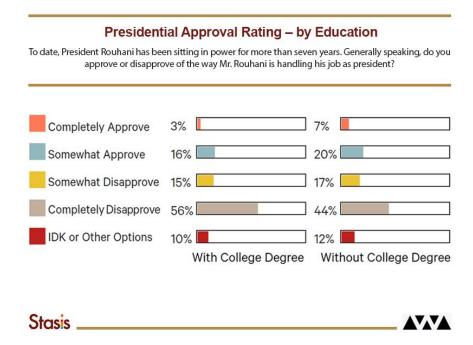
President Rouhani's current approval is the worst approval rating we have ever analyzed. In the <u>poll</u> coconducted by <u>Arash Ghafouri</u>—who led the <u>Stasis</u> team in this survey— in February 2016, around 67% of respondents approved of Rouhani's presidency. His approval rating has decreased by 42% in the last four years and stands at just 25% in October 2020. Moreover, Mr. Rouhani's disapproval shows a 46% increase in comparison with that February 2016 study (from 18% to 64%).



People who reside in urban areas or have a college degree are more likely to register their disapproval of Rouhani's presidency.



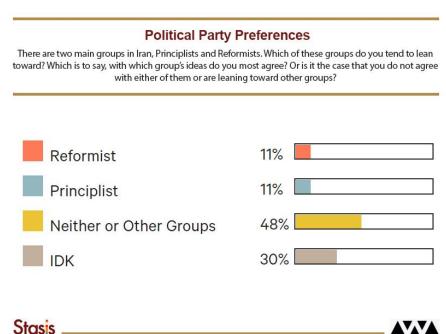
Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020



### **Political Party Preference**

According to this poll, a large number of Iranians (48%) did not identify with either of the two main domestic political parties. Reformists have the avowed support of 11% of the population, marking a decrease of at least 14% in comparison with 2016. In March 2016, we polled the same question (IPOS poll) and found 25% of Iranians were leaning toward Reformists and 5% were supporting the Moderates (Reformist adjacent).

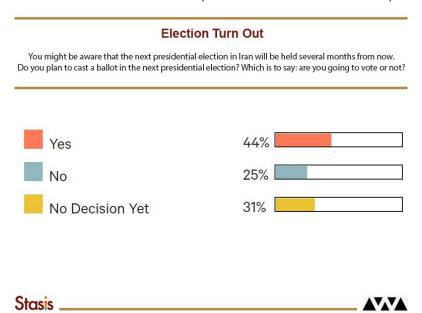
Eleven percent of Iranians are leaning toward the Principlist party which is a more modest decrease (2%) from 2016.



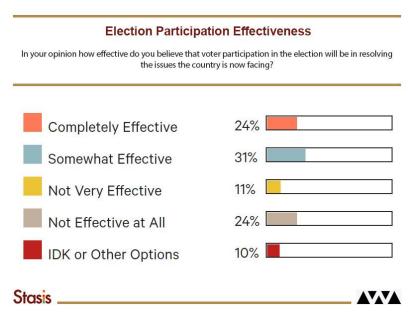
### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

### **Election Participation**

Around 44% of respondents in the survey report that they will vote in the next presidential election in Iran. However, according to our previous analysis, the level of participation is likely to be approximately 10% below the survey's findings. Moreover, given the more than eight months until the next election (which will take place in June 2021), identifying likely voters is beyond the scope of this survey. However, in the coming months, Statis will conduct further research to analyze more accurate levels of likely voters.



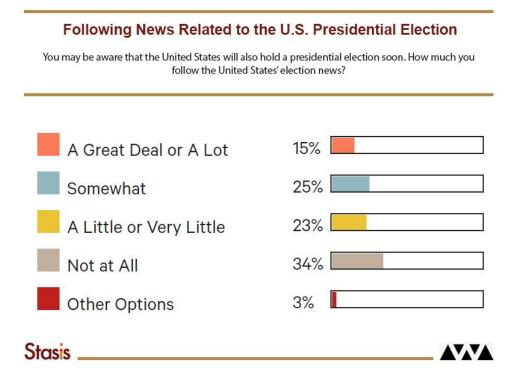
In this poll, respondents were also asked how confident they are that electoral participation can effectively resolve the issues the country is facing. Around 24% say it will be "very effective" and the same percentage believe it will be completely ineffective. In the middle of the spectrum, 31% report the belief that voting can be "somewhat effective" and 11% of respondents think it is not likely to be very effective.



Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

### **United States Presidential Election**

The poll found that around 40% of Iranians are closely following United States election news ("A great deal," "a lot," or "somewhat").



Moreover, 28% of Iranians prefer Joe Biden as opposed to Donald Trump, who has the support of 10% of Iranians (This poll was conducted before the U.S. presidential election).

# U.S. Presidential Election (Biden or Trump) There are two candidates vying to be the next president of the United States: Mr. Trump and Mr. Biden. Who would you prefer to be the next president of the United States? Mr. Biden or Mr. Trump? Biden Trump 10% Neither No Difference 1DK or Other Options AVVA

### Iranian Public Opinion on 2021 Presidential Election – October 2020

### Remarks

The results of this poll have been interactively visualized in the <u>link</u> below:

http://www.surveycenter.io/election2021/202010/en/

This is an interactive platform detailing the results of every question, distinguished by gender, age group, location, and education in a bar chart.

For each question, there is a bubble chart (consisting of many small circles), detailing the respondents' information. Each circle represents a single respondent and by clicking on it, you can find the complete answer set for that particular respondent. The color coding is consistent between the bubble chart and bar chart for easy comparison.

### Methodology

- Telephone interviews were conducted from October 22-28, 2020, with a random sample of 1,136 Iranians aged 18 and older living in Iran. Native Farsi speakers conducted the interviews during daylight hours.
- The proportional two-stage sample includes respondents from every province. Provinces have been sampled based on their population.
- Based on the sample, there is a 95% confidence that the margin of sampling error is between ±
   2.8 and ± 3.1 percentage points, depending on the number of respondents for each question.
- Results are weighted by gender, age, and location (urban vs. rural areas) based on the Iranian national census of 2016 and 2018 statistical yearbook.
- Rates of respondent candor and reliability were appraised by experienced interviewers. Forty-two persons found to be lacking in these areas were removed from the sample.
- This poll was carried out by <u>Stasis</u> for Iranwire. Arash Ghafouri, an Iranian pollster, has led the survey team.